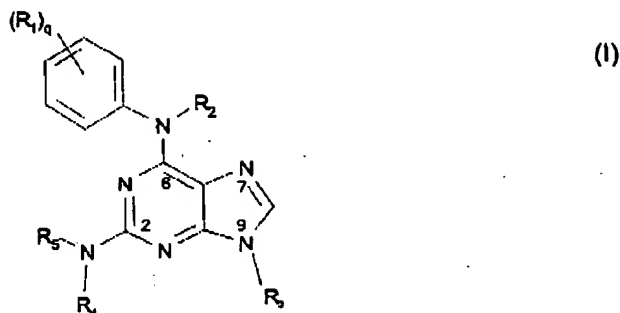


CLAIMS

Claims 1-24 (canceled).

## CLAIMS

25. (new) A compound of the formula I



wherein

q is 1-5,

R<sub>1</sub> is

α) -S(=O)<sub>k</sub>-NR<sub>6</sub>R<sub>7</sub>, in which

k is 1 or 2,

wherein under the proviso that R<sub>6</sub> and R<sub>7</sub> cannot be simultaneously hydrogen

α1) R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> can be identical or different from one another and represent an aliphatic, carbocyclic, heterocyclic, carbocyclic-aliphatic or heterocyclic-aliphatic radical; hydrogen or lower aliphatic acyl; or

α2) R<sub>6</sub> and R<sub>7</sub> together are an alkylene or alkenylene radical having from 3 up to and including 9 C atoms, in which 1-3 C atoms can be replaced by oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen, wherein said alkylene or alkenylene radical can be unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl or a radical -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-R<sub>10</sub>, in which y is 0 to 3, preferably 0 to 2, and R<sub>10</sub> is hydrogen or phenyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, halogen lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, carboxyl, methylenedioxy or cyano, or

β) N-(aryl lower alkyl)carbamoyl, or

γ) a radical of the formula -NH-S(=O)<sub>i</sub>-R<sub>8</sub>, in which

i is 1 or 2,

$R_8$  is an aliphatic, carbocyclic or heterocyclic radical; or

δ) a radical of the formula  $-NH-C(=O)-R_9$ , in which

$R_9$  is alkoxy, aryloxy, alkenyl, alkynyl, heterocyclyl alkynyl, aryl alkynyl, heteroaryl alkynyl, alkynyloxy or aryl alkynyloxy, which in each case is unsubstituted or substituted, the substituents being selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, phenyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, carboxyl, methylenedioxy, tri-lower alkyl silyl, cyano or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen, wherein such an unsubstituted or substituted  $R_9$  radical has not more than 20 C atoms;

where, if more than one radical  $R_1$  is present in the molecule, these can be identical or different from one another,

$R_2$  is hydrogen, carbamoyl or N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl,

$R_3$  is lower alkyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino or N,N-di-lower alkylamino and

a)  $R_4$  is hydrogen, amino, phenylamino, lower alkylamino, hydroxyl, phenoxy, lower alkoxy, acyl having 1-30 C atoms, a carbocyclic or carbocyclic-aliphatic radical having not more than 29 C atoms, a heterocyclic or heterocyclic-aliphatic radical having not more than 20 C atoms and not more than 9 heteroatoms, or a substituted hydrocarbon radical having not more than 29 C atoms wherein the substituents are selected from halogen, amino, lower alkylamino,  $\omega$ -amino-lower alkylamino, lower alkanoylamino, benzoylamino, hydroxylamino, hydroxylimino, lower alkoxy-amino, phenyloxyamino, amino-cyclohexyl-amino-, amino-phenyl-amino-, carbamoyl-amino, (N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-[ $\omega$ -amino-lower alkyl]-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-phenyl-carbamoyl)-amino, lower alkylthio, thiocarbamoyl, thioureido, N-lower alkyl-thioureido, N-phenyl-thioureido, guanidino, N-lower alkyl-guanidino, carboxyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, phenyloxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, hydroxylaminocarbonyl, carbamoyl, amidino, cyano, lower alkoxy, phenyloxy, aminocarbonyl-oxy, oxo, aminosulfonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl-amino, glycylamino, alanyl-amino, phenylalanyl-amino, prolyl-amino, valyl-amino, leucyl-amino, isoleucyl-amino, seryl-amino, threonyl-amino, cysteinyl-amino, methionyl-amino, tyrosyl-amino, tryptophanyl-amino, arginyl-amino, histidyl-amino, lysyl-amino, glutamyl-amino, glutaminyl-amino, asparagyl-amino, asparaginy-l-amino and phenylglycyl-amino; and

$R_5$ , independently of  $R_4$ , is as defined above for  $R_4$ , with the exception of hydrogen, or

b)  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  together are 1,2-ethylene, propane-1,3-diyl, butane-1,4-diyl, pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-(3-amino-propionyl)-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl, 2-amino-butane-1,4-diyl, 1-aminomethyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 1-hydroxymethyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 3-hydroxy-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-hydroxy-hexane-1,5-diyl, 3-(2-amino-ethyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl ( $-CH_2-CH_2-NH-CH_2-CH_2-$ ), 3-aza-2,4-dimethyl-pentane-1,5-diyl ( $-CH_2-CH[CH_3]-NH-CH[CH_3]-CH_2-$ ), 3-amino-3-

aza-pentane-1,5-diyl ( $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{NH}_2)\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2-$ ), 1-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aza-1-toluylamino-carbonyl-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aza-1-(methylamino-thiocarbonyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aza-1-(tert-butylamino-carbonyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aza-1-(cyclohexylamino-carbonyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-aza-1-hydroxy-heptane-3,7-diyl, 3-aza-1-cyano-heptane-3,7-diyl, 1-amino-3-aza-heptane-3,7-diyl, 3-(2-amino-ethyl)-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl ( $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}[-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2]-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2-$ ), 1-carbamoyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 2-formylamino-pentane-1,4-diyl, 2-aza-butadiene-1,4-diyl ( $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-\text{N}=\text{CH}-$ ), 2-aza-3-hydroxymethyl-butadiene-1,4-diyl ( $-\text{CH}=\text{C}[\text{CH}_2\text{OH}]-\text{N}=\text{CH}-$ ) or a radical of the formula



in which the two terminal bonds of the alkylene chain are free valencies, wherein in the above definitions an aliphatic radical is an unsubstituted or substituted alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl radical having not more than 20 C atoms which alkenyl or alkynyl radicals are mono- or polyunsaturated and a substituted aliphatic radical carries one or more identical or different radicals selected from halogen, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino,  $\omega$ -amino-lower alkylamino, lower alkanoylamino, aroylamino, hydroxylamino, hydroxylimino, lower alkoxy-amino, aryloxyamino, amino-cyclohexyl-amino-, amino-phenyl-amino-, carbamoyl-amino, (N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl)-amino, (N- $[\omega$ -amino-lower alkyl]-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-phenyl-carbamoyl)-amino, thio, lower alkylthio, thiocarbamoyl, thioureido, N-lower alkyl-thioureido, N-phenyl-thioureido, guanidino, N-lower alkyl-guanidino, carboxyl, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, aryloxy-carbonyl, benzyloxy-carbonyl, hydroxylaminocarbonyl, aminoacyl-amino, carbamoyl, amidino, cyano, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, aminocarbonyl-oxy, oxo, aminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfonyl-amino; or a salt thereof

wherein hydrocarbon is either: 1) an acyclic, carbocyclic, or carbocyclic-acyclic radical having no more than 29 carbon atoms, or 2) an acyclic, carbocyclic, or carbocyclic-acyclic radical interrupted by one or more identical or different heteroatoms selected from oxygen, sulfur, and nitrogen having a total of no more than 29 C, O, S, and N atoms.

26. (new) A compound of claim 25 of formula I, wherein

q is 1-5,

$R_1$  is

a)  $-\text{S}(=\text{O})_k-\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$ , in which

k is 1 or 2,

wherein under the proviso that  $R_6$  and  $R_7$  cannot be simultaneously hydrogen

- $\alpha 1$ )  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$  can be identical or different from one another and represent an aliphatic, carbocyclic, heterocyclic, carbocyclic-aliphatic or heterocyclic-aliphatic radical; hydrogen or lower aliphatic acyl; or
- $\alpha 2$ )  $R_6$  and  $R_7$  together are an alkylene or alkenylene radical having from 3 up to and including 9 C atoms, in which 1-3 C atoms can be replaced by oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen, wherein said alkylene or alkenylene radical can be unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl or a radical  $-(CH_2)_y-R_{10}$ , in which y is 0 to 3, preferably 0 to 2, and  $R_{10}$  is hydrogen or phenyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, halogen lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, carboxyl, methylenedioxy or cyano, or
- $\beta$ ) N-(aryl lower alkyl)carbamoyl, or
- $\gamma$ ) a radical of the formula  $-NH-S(=O)_i-R_8$ , in which
- i is 1 or 2,
- $R_8$  is an aliphatic, carbocyclic or heterocyclic radical; or
- $\delta$ ) a radical of the formula  $-NH-C(=O)-R_9$ , in which
- $R_9$  is alkoxy, aryloxy, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl alkynyl, alkynyloxy or aryl alkynyloxy, which in each case is unsubstituted or substituted, the substituents being selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, phenyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, carboxyl, methylenedioxy, tri-lower alkyl silyl, cyano or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen, wherein such an unsubstituted or substituted  $R_9$  radical has not more than 20 C atoms;
- where, if more than one radical  $R_1$  is present in the molecule, these can be identical or different from one another,
- $R_2$  is hydrogen, carbamoyl or N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl,
- $R_3$  is lower alkyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino or N,N-di-lower alkylamino and
- a)  $R_4$  is hydrogen, amino, phenylamino, lower alkylamino, hydroxyl, phenoxy, lower alkoxy, acyl having 1-30 C atoms, a carbocyclic or carbocyclic-aliphatic radical having not more than 29 C atoms, a heterocyclic or heterocyclic-aliphatic radical having not more than 20 C atoms and not more than 9 heteroatoms, or a substituted hydrocarbon radical having not more than 29 C atoms wherein the substituents are selected from halogen, amino, lower alkylamino,  $\omega$ -amino-lower alkylamino, lower alkanoylamino, benzoylamino, hydroxylamino, hydroxylimino, lower alkoxy-amino, phenyloxyamino, amino-cyclohexyl-amino-, amino-phenyl-amino-, carbamoyl-amino, (N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-[ $\omega$ -

- amino-lower alkyl]-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-phenyl-carbamoyl)-amino, lower alkylthio, thiocarbamoyl, thioureido, N-lower alkyl-thioureido, N-phenyl-thioureido, guanidino, N-lower alkyl-guanidino, carboxyl, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, phenyloxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, hydroxylaminocarbonyl, carbamoyl, amidino, cyano, lower alkoxy, phenoxy, aminocarbonyl-oxy, oxo, aminosulfonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl-amino, glycylamino, alanyl-amino, phenylalanyl-amino, prolyl-amino, valyl-amino, leucyl-amino, isoleucyl-amino, seryl-amino, threonyl-amino, cysteinyl-amino, methionyl-amino, tyrosyl-amino, tryptophanyl-amino, arginyl-amino, histidyl-amino, lysyl-amino, glutamyl-amino, glutaminyl-amino, asparagyl-amino, asparaginyl-amino and phenylglycyl-amino; and
- $R_5$ , independently of  $R_4$ , is as defined above for  $R_4$ , with the exception of hydrogen, or
- b)  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  together are 1,2-ethylene, propane-1,3-diyl, butane-1,4-diyl, pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-(3-amino-propionyl)-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl, 2-amino-butane-1,4-diyl, 1-aminomethyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 1-hydroxymethyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 3-hydroxy-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-hydroxy-hexane-1,5-diyl, 3-(2-amino-ethyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl ( $-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-$ ), 3-aza-2,4-dimethyl-pentane-1,5-diyl ( $-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}[\text{CH}_3]-\text{NH}-\text{CH}[\text{CH}_3]-\text{CH}_2-$ ), 3-amino-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl ( $-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{N}[\text{NH}_2]-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-$ ), 1-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aza-1-toluyaminocarbonyl-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aza-1-(methylamino-thiocarbonyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aza-1-(tert-butylamino-carbonyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aza-1-(cyclohexylamino-carbonyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-aza-1-hydroxy-heptane-3,7-diyl, 3-aza-1-cyano-heptane-3,7-diyl, 1-amino-3-aza-heptane-3,7-diyl, 3-(2-amino-ethyl)-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl ( $-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{N}[\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}_2]-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-$ ), 1-carbamoyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 2-formylamino-pentane-1,4-diyl, 2-aza-butadiene-1,4-diyl ( $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-\text{N}=\text{CH}-$ ), 2-aza-3-hydroxymethyl-butadiene-1,4-diyl ( $-\text{CH}=\text{C}[\text{CH}_2\text{OH}]-\text{N}=\text{CH}-$ ) or a radical of the formula



in which the two terminal bonds of the alkylene chain are free valencies, or a salt thereof.

27. (new) A compound of claim 25 of formula I, wherein

$q$  is 1-3,

$R_1$  is

$\alpha) -\text{S}(=\text{O})_k-\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$ , in which

$k$  is 2,

wherein under the proviso that  $R_6$  and  $R_7$  cannot be simultaneously hydrogen

- α1)  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$  can be identical or different from one another and represent an aliphatic, carbocyclic, heterocyclic, carbocyclic-aliphatic or heterocyclic-aliphatic radical; or hydrogen; or
- α2)  $R_6$  and  $R_7$  together are an alkylene or alkenylene radical having from 3 up to and including 9 C atoms, in which 1-3 C atoms can be replaced by oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen, wherein said alkylene or alkenylene radical can be unsubstituted or substituted having in each case including the substituents not more than 20 C atoms, the substituents being selected from halogen, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl or a radical  $-(CH_2)_y-R_{10}$ , in which  $y$  is 0 to 3, preferably 0 to 2, and  $R_{10}$  is hydrogen or phenyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, halogen lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, carboxyl, methylenedioxy or cyano, or

β) N-(aryl lower alkyl)carbamoyl, or

γ) a radical of the formula  $-NH-S(=O)_i-R_8$ , in which

$i$  is 2, and

$R_8$  is an aliphatic, carbocyclic or heterocyclic radical; or

δ) a radical of the formula  $-NH-C(=O)-R_9$ , in which

$R_9$  is alkoxy, aryloxy, alkynyl, heterocycliyl alkynyl, aryl alkynyl, heteroaryl alkynyl, alkynyloxy or aryl alkynyloxy, which in each case is unsubstituted or substituted, the substituents being selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, phenyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, carboxyl, methylenedioxy, tri-lower alkyl silyl, cyano or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen, wherein such an unsubstituted or substituted  $R_9$  radical has not more than 20 C atoms;

where, if more than one radical  $R_i$  is present in the molecule, these can be identical or different from one another,

$R_2$  is hydrogen,

$R_3$  is lower alkyl,

$R_4$  is

hydrogen, amino, phenylamino, lower alkylamino, hydroxyl, phenoxy or lower alkoxy; an acyl radical of the part formula  $Z-C(=W)-$ , in which  $W$  is oxygen, sulfur or imino and  $Z$  is hydrogen, hydrocarbyl  $R^0$ , hydrocarbyloxy  $R^0-O-$  or an amino group of the formula  $R_{11}(R_{12})N-$ , in which  $R^0$  in each case is  $C_1-C_4$ alkyl, hydroxy- $C_2-C_{14}$ alkyl, cyano- $C_1-C_4$ alkyl, carboxy- $C_1-C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1-C_4$ alkoxy-carbonyl- $C_1-C_4$ alkyl,  $C_3-C_7$ alkenyl or phenyl and  $R_{11}$  and  $R_{12}$  independently of one another are each hydrogen, lower alkyl,  $\alpha$ -amino-lower alkyl, lower alkylsulfonyl or phenyl;

a substituted hydrocarbon radical having not more than 29 C atoms wherein the substituents are selected from halogen, amino, lower alkylamino,  $\omega$ -amino-lower alkylamino, lower alkanoylamino, benzoylamino, hydroxylamino, hydroxylimino, lower alkoxy-amino, phenyloxyamino, amino-cyclohexyl-amino-, amino-phenyl-amino-, carbamoyl-amino, (N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-[ $\omega$ -amino-lower alkyl]-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-phenyl-carbamoyl)-amino, lower alkylthio, thiocarbamoyl, thioureido, N-lower alkyl-thioureido, N-phenyl-thioureido, guanidino, N-lower alkyl-guanidino, carboxyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, phenyloxy-carbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, hydroxylaminocarbonyl, carbamoyl, amidino, cyano, hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, phenyloxy, aminocarbonyl-oxy, oxo, aminosulfonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl-amino, glycyllamino, alanyllamino, phenylalanyllamino, prolyllamino, valyllamino, leucyllamino, isoleucyllamino, seryllamino, threonyllamino, cysteinylamino, methionylamino, tyrosylamino, tryptophanyllamino, arginyllamino, histidylamino, lysyllamino, glutamylamino, glutaminylamino, asparagylamino, asparaginyllamino and phenylglycylamino;

benzyl, 2-phenyl-ethyl, 3-aminomethyl-benzyl, (1-hydroxy-cyclohex-1-yl)-methyl, (2-amino-3,5,5-trimethyl-cyclopentyl)-methyl, 1-[N-(1-carboxy-2-phenyl-ethyl)-carbamoyl]-2-carbamoyl-eth-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-1-phenyl-methyl, 1-carbamoyl-2-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-eth-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-2-phenyl-eth-1-yl, 2-amino-1,2-diphenyl-eth-1-yl, 2-benzyloxycarbonyl-1-carbamoyl-eth-1-yl, 3-benzyloxycarbonyl-1-carbamoyl-prop-1-yl, 1-adamantyl-2-amino-prop-1-yl, 1-adamantyl-1-amino-prop-2-yl, (2-furyl)-methyl, (2-tetrahydrofuryl)-methyl, 2-pyrid-2-yl-ethyl, 2-piperidino-ethyl, 2-(morpholin-4-yl)-ethyl, 2-(3-indolyl)-ethyl, 2-(4-imidazolyl)-ethyl, 1-carbamoyl-2-( $\beta$ -indolyl)-eth-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-2-imidazol-4-yl-eth-1-yl, 1-carbamoyl-2-indol-3-yl-eth-1-yl, 3-aminomethyl-oxetan-3-yl-methyl, 1-(acetoxymino)-1-(4-amino-2-oxa-1,3-diazol-5-yl)-methyl,

C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkyl, which is substituted by carboxy, thiocarboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, hydrazinocarbonyl, hydroxaminocarbonyl, amidino, sulfamoyl, sulfanyl, halogen, cyano, formyl, amino, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower aliphatic acyl, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, aminocarbonyloxy or ureido;

2-aminomethyl-3,3,5-trimethyl-cyclopent-1-yl, 3-amino-adamantan-1-yl, 2-carbamoyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-yl, 9-amino-spiro[4.4]non-1-yl, 5-amino-2-oxa-1,3-diazol-4-yl, 4-amino-thien-3-yl, 3-carbamoyl-5-(3-[2,4-dichloro-phenyl]-1-oxo-prop-2-en-1-yl)-1,2-thiazol-4-yl, 3-carbamoyl-5-(3-[4-trifluoro-phenyl]-1-oxo-prop-2-en-1-yl)-1,2-thiazol-4-yl, 4-amino-2-(4-carboxy-butyl)-tetrahydrothiophen-3-yl or 3-amino-2-(4-carboxy-butyl)-tetrahydrothiophen-4-yl, and

R<sub>3</sub>, independently of R<sub>4</sub>, is as defined above for R<sub>4</sub>, with the exception of hydrogen, or

$R_4$  and  $R_5$  together are 1,2-ethylene, propane-1,3-diyl, butane-1,4-diyl, pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-(3-amino-propionyl)-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aminomethyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 1-hydroxymethyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 3-(2-amino-ethyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl or 3-(2-amino-ethyl)-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl,

or a salt thereof, with the exception of 6-(4-benzyloxycarbonylamino-phenyl-amino)-9-ethyl-2-(2-hydroxy-ethyl-amino)-9H-purine or a salt thereof

wherein in the above definitions hydrocarbyl is either: 1) an acyclic, carbocyclic, or carbocyclic-acyclic radical having no more than 29 carbon atoms, or 2) an acyclic, carbocyclic, or carbocyclic-acyclic radical interrupted by one or more identical or different heteroatoms selected from oxygen, sulfur, and nitrogen having a total of no more than 29 C, O, S, and N atoms.

28. (new) A compound of claim 25 of formula I, wherein

q is 1-3,

$R_1$  is

$\alpha$ )  $-S(=O)_k-NR_6R_7$ , in which

k is 2,

wherein under the proviso that  $R_6$  and  $R_7$  cannot be simultaneously hydrogen

$\alpha 1$ )  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$  can be identical or different from one another and represent an aliphatic, carbocyclic, heterocyclic, carbocyclic-aliphatic or heterocyclic-aliphatic radical; or hydrogen; or

$\alpha 2$ )  $R_6$  and  $R_7$  together are an alkylene or alkenylene radical having from 3 up to and including 9 C atoms, in which 1-3 C atoms can be replaced by oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen, wherein said alkylene or alkenylene radical can be unsubstituted or substituted having in each case including the substituents not more than 20 C atoms, the substituents being selected from halogen, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl or a radical  $-(CH_2)_y-R_{10}$ , in which y is 0 to 3, preferably 0 to 2, and  $R_{10}$  is hydrogen or phenyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, halogen lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, carboxyl, methylenedioxy or cyano, or

$\beta$ ) N-(aryl lower alkyl)carbamoyl, or

$\gamma$ ) a radical of the formula  $-NH-S(=O)_i-R_8$ , in which

i is 2,

$R_8$  is an aliphatic, carbocyclic or heterocyclic radical; or

$\delta$ ) a radical of the formula  $-NH-C(=O)-R_9$ , in which



$R_6$  is alkoxy, phenoxy, alkynyl or aryl alkynyl which in each case is unsubstituted or substituted, the substituents being selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, phenyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, carboxyl, methylenedioxy, tri-lower alkyl silyl, cyano or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen, wherein such an unsubstituted or substituted  $R_6$  radical has not more than 20 C atoms;

where, if more than one radical  $R_1$  is present in the molecule, these can be identical or different from one another,

$R_2$  is hydrogen,

$R_3$  is lower alkyl,

$R_4$  is hydrogen or  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl, which is substituted by amino, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, aminocarbonyloxy or ureido;

$R_5$ , independently of  $R_4$ , is as defined above for  $R_4$ , with the exception of hydrogen, or a salt thereof.

29. (new) A compound of claim 25 of formula I, wherein

q is 1-2,

$R_1$  is  $-S(=O)_k-NR_6R_7$ , in which

k is 2,

wherein under the proviso that  $R_6$  and  $R_7$  cannot be simultaneously hydrogen

a)  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$  can be identical or different from one another and represent hydrogen;

$C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy, lower alkoxy, halogen, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, unsubstituted heteroaryl having not more than 10 carbon atoms and not more than 3 heteroatoms or aryl having not more than 14 carbon atoms which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, phenoxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen;

$C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl or lower alkylcarbamoyl; unsubstituted heteroaryl having not more than 20 carbon atoms and not more than 3 heteroatoms;

aryl having not more than 20 carbon atoms unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, phenoxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidiny, piperazinyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen; or

α2) R<sub>6</sub> and R<sub>7</sub> together are an alkylene or alkenylene radical having from 3 up to and including 9 C atoms, in which 1-3 C atoms can be replaced by oxygen or nitrogen, wherein said alkylene or alkenylene radical can be unsubstituted or substituted having in each case including the substituents not more than 20 C atoms, the substituents being selected from halogen, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl or a radical  $-(CH_2)_y-R_{10}$ , in which y is 0 to 3, preferably 0 to 2, and R<sub>10</sub> is hydrogen or phenyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, halogen lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, carboxyl, methylenedioxy or cyano;

where, if more than one radical R<sub>1</sub> is present in the molecule, these can be identical or different from one another,

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen,

R<sub>3</sub> is lower alkyl,

R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen or C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, which is substituted by amino, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, aminocarbonyloxy or ureido;

R<sub>5</sub>, independently of R<sub>4</sub>, is as defined above for R<sub>4</sub>, with the exception of hydrogen, or a salt thereof.

30. (new) A compound of claim 25 of formula I, wherein

β) R<sub>1</sub> is N-(phenyl lower alkyl)carbamoyl, wherein phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, phenoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen; or

γ) R<sub>1</sub> is a radical of the formula  $-NH-S(=O)_i-R_8$ , in which

i is 2,

R<sub>8</sub> is

lower alkyl, lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen;

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino or carbamoyl;

unsubstituted heteroaryl having not more than 20 carbon atoms and not more than 3 heteroatoms;

phenyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, lower alkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen; or

δ)  $R_1$  is a radical of the formula  $-NH-C(=O)-R_6$ ,

$R_6$  is

alkoxy, phenoxy, alkynyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by tri(lower alkyl)silyl; heteroaryl alkynyl, wherein the heteroaryl moiety comprises one or two heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen, and which radical is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, phenyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen; heterocyclyl alkynyl, wherein the heterocyclyl moiety comprises one or two heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen, and which radical is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, phenyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen; or phenyl alkynyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, phenyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen;

where, if more than one radical  $R_1$  is present in the molecule, these can be identical or different from one another,

$R_2$  is hydrogen,

$R_3$  is lower alkyl,

$R_4$  is hydrogen or  $C_5-C_7$  cycloalkyl, which is substituted by amino, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, aminocarbonyloxy or ureido;

$R_5$ , independently of  $R_4$ , is as defined above for  $R_4$ , with the exception of hydrogen, or a salt thereof.

31. (new) A compound of claim 25 of formula I, wherein

q is 1,

$R_1$  is

α)  $-S(=O)_k-NR_6R_7$ , in which

k is 2,

wherein under the proviso that  $R_6$  and  $R_7$  cannot be simultaneously hydrogen

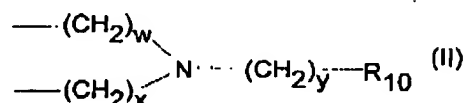
α1)  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$  can be identical or different from one another and represent hydrogen,  $C_1-C_8$  alkyl, hydroxy lower alkyl, phenyl unsubstituted or substituted by phenoxy, lower alkoxy, imidazolyl, lower alkyl, halogen, halogen lower alkyl, lower alkyloxycarbonyl or morpholinyl; lower alkyl substituted by phenyl, halogenphenyl, naphthyl, furanyl or

pyridyl; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy; tetrahydronaphthyl or quinoliny; or

α2) R<sub>6</sub> and R<sub>7</sub> together are an alkylene radical

α2.1) having from 4 up to and including 6 C atoms, in which 1 C atom can be replaced by oxygen; or

α2.2) a radical of the formula (II),



in which w is 2, x is 2, y is 0 or 1 and R<sub>10</sub> is hydrogen or phenyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, trifluoromethyl or lower alkoxy,

β) unsubstituted or substituted phenyl lower alkyl/carbamoyl, in which case phenyl can be substituted by halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy or trifluoromethyl; or

γ) a radical of the formula -NH-S(=O)-R<sub>8</sub>,

in which i is 2, and

R<sub>8</sub> is lower alkyl or phenyl substituted by lower alkyl or lower alkoxy; or

δ) a radical of the formula -NH-C(=O)-R<sub>9</sub>, in which

R<sub>9</sub> is lower alkoxy, phenoxy, phenyl lower alkynyl, in which phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, lower alkyl or lower alkoxy; lower alkynyl or tri(lower alkyl) silyl lower alkynyl,

where, if more than one radical R<sub>1</sub> is present in the molecule, these can be identical or different from one another,

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen,

R<sub>3</sub> is lower alkyl,

R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen, and

R<sub>5</sub> is cyclohexyl, which is substituted by amino, hydroxy or carbamoyl, or a salt thereof.

32. (new) A compound of claim 25 of formula I, wherein

q is 1-3,

R<sub>1</sub> is

a radical of the formula -NH-C(=O)-R<sub>9</sub>, in which R<sub>9</sub> is

alkoxy, phenoxy, alkynyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by tri(lower alkyl)silyl;

heteroaryl alkynyl, wherein the heteroaryl moiety is selected from the group consisting

of pyridyl, pyrimidyl, thienyl, furyl, oxazolyl and thiazolyl and which radical is

unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, phenyl,

amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen; heterocyclyl alkynyl, wherein the heterocyclyl moiety is selected from the group consisting of piperidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, lower alkyl piperazinyl, morpholnly and thiamorpholnly, and which radical is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, phenyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen; or phenyl alkynyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, phenyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen;

where, if more than one radical  $R_1$  is present in the molecule, these can be identical or different from one another,

$R_2$  is hydrogen,

$R_3$  is lower alkyl,

$R_4$  is hydrogen or  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl, which is substituted by amino, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, aminocarbonyloxy or ureido;

$R_5$ , independently of  $R_4$ , is as defined above for  $R_4$ , with the exception of hydrogen or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

33. (new) A compound of claim 25 of formula I, wherein

$q$  is 1-2,

$R_1$  is

a radical of the formula  $-NH-C(=O)-R_6$ , in which  $R_6$  is

alkoxy, phenoxy, alkynyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by tri(lower alkyl)silyl; heteroaryl alkynyl, wherein the heteroaryl moiety is selected from the group consisting of pyridyl, pyrimidyl and thienyl, and which radical is unsubstituted or substituted by lower alkyl; heterocyclyl alkynyl, wherein the heterocyclyl moiety is selected from the group consisting of piperidinyl and piperazinyl, and which radical is unsubstituted or substituted by lower alkyl; or phenyl alkynyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, phenyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen;

where, if more than one radical  $R_1$  is present in the molecule, these can be identical or different from one another,

$R_2$  is hydrogen,

$R_3$  is lower alkyl,

$R_4$  is hydrogen or  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl, which is substituted by amino, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, aminocarbonyloxy or ureido;

R<sub>5</sub>, independently of R<sub>4</sub>, is as defined above for R<sub>4</sub>, with the exception of hydrogen or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

34. (new) A compound of claim 25 of formula I selected from the group consisting of  
*cis*-2-[6-(4-Butyl-aminosulfonyl-phenylamino)-9-ethyl-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino]-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid amide  
*cis*-2-[9-Ethyl-6-[4-(3-methylbutyl)-aminosulfonyl-phenylamino]-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino]-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid amide  
*cis*-2-[9-Ethyl-6-(4-isobutyl-amino-sulfonyl-phenylamino)-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino]-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid amide  
*cis*-2-[9-Ethyl-6-[4-(4-phenyl-piperazin-1-yl-sulfonyl)-phenylamino]-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino]-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid amide  
4-[2-(*trans*-4-Amino-cyclohexylamino)-9-ethyl-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-(3-methyl-butyl)-sulfonamide  
4-[2-(*trans*-4-Amino-cyclohexylamino)-9-ethyl-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-butyl-sulfonamide  
4-[2-(*trans*-4-Amino-cyclohexylamino)-9-ethyl-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-isobutyl-sulfonamide  
4-[2-(*trans*-4-Amino-cyclohexylamino)-9-ethyl-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-cyclohexyl-sulfonamide  
*cis*-2-[6-(4-Cyclohexyl-aminosulfonyl-phenylamino)-9-ethyl-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino]-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid amide  
*N*-2-(*trans*-4-Amino-cyclohexyl)-9-ethyl-*N*-6-[4-(piperidine-1-sulfonyl)-phenyl]-9*H*-purine-2,6-diamine  
*cis*-2-[9-Ethyl-6-[4-(piperidine-1-sulfonyl)-phenyl amino]-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino]-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid amide  
*cis*-2-[6-[4-(*N*-Butyl-*N*-methyl-amino-sulfonyl)-phenylamino]-9-ethyl-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino]-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid amide  
4-[2-(*trans*-4-Amino-cyclohexylamino)-9-ethyl-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-butyl-*N*-methyl-sulfonamide  
*cis*-2-[9-Ethyl-6-[4-(*N*-methyl-*N*-phenyl-aminosulfonyl)-phenylamino]-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino]-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid amide  
4-[2-(*trans*-4-Amino-cyclohexylamino)-9-ethyl-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-methyl-*N*-phenyl-sulfonamide  
*N*-2-(*trans*-4-Amino-cyclohexyl)-9-ethyl-*N*-6-[4-(4-phenyl-piperazine-1-sulfonyl)-phenyl]-9*H*-purine-2,6-diamine

4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-isobutyl-*N*-methyl-sulfonamide  
*trans*-4-(9-Ethyl-6-[4-[4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-piperazine-1-sulfonyl]-phenylamino]-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino)-cyclohexanol  
*trans*-4-(9-Ethyl-6-[4-[4-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-piperazine-1-sulfonyl]-phenylamino]-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino)-cyclohexanol  
*trans*-4-(9-Ethyl-6-[4-[4-(2-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazine-1-sulfonyl]-phenylamino]-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino)-cyclohexanol  
*N*-Cyclohexyl-4-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-methyl-sulfonamide  
*trans*-4-(9-Ethyl-6-[4-(pyrrolidine-1-sulfonyl)-phenylamino]-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino)-cyclohexanol  
*trans*-4-(6-[4-(Azepane-1-sulfonyl)-phenylamino]-9-ethyl-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino)-cyclohexanol  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-*N*-methyl-sulfonamide  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-(2-pyridin-2-yl-ethyl)-sulfonamide  
*trans*-4-(6-[4-(4-Benzyl-piperazine-1-sulfonyl)-phenylamino]-9-ethyl-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino)-cyclohexanol  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-sulfonamide  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-naphthalen-1-yl-methyl-sulfonamide  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-heptyl-*N*-methyl-sulfonamide  
*N*-(3,3-Diphenyl-propyl)-4-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-sulfonamide  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-(1-methyl-3-phenyl-propyl)-sulfonamide  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-(3-methyl-butyl)-sulfonamide  
*trans*-4-(9-Ethyl-6-[4-(piperidine-1-sulfonyl)-phenylamino]-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino)-cyclohexanol  
*N*-(3-Chloro-benzyl)-4-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-sulfonamide  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-(3-imidazol-1-yl-phenyl)-sulfonamide  
*N*-(3,4-Dimethoxy-phenyl)-4-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-sulfonamide

4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-(5-fluoro-2-methyl-phenyl)-sulfonamide  
*N*-(3,5-Dimethoxy-phenyl)-4-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-phenyl-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-sulfonamide  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-methyl-*N*-phenyl-sulfonamide  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthyl)-sulfonamide  
*N*-Benzyl-4-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-phenyl-sulfonamide  
4-(4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-sulfonylamino)-benzoic acid propyl ester  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-(4-morpholin-4-yl-phenyl)-sulfonamide  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-quinolin-3-yl-sulfonamide  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-(4-phenoxy-phenyl)-sulfonamide  
*N*-(2,4-Eimethyl-phenyl)-4-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-sulfonamide  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-*m*-tolyl-sulfonamide)  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-*o*-tolyl-sulfonamide  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-sulfonamide  
*N*-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-sulfonamide  
*N*-(3-Chloro-phenyl)-4-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-sulfonamide  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-phenyl-sulfonamide  
4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-propyl-sulfonamide  
*N*-Butyl-4-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-methyl-sulfonamide



*trans*-4-[9-Ethyl-6-[4-(4-phenyl-piperazine-1-sulfonyl)-phenylamino]-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino]-cyclohexanol

4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-3-pyridylmethyl-sulfonamide

4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-2-furanylmethyl-sulfonamide

*N*-Benzyl-*N*-ethyl-4-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-sulfonamide

*N*-Cyclohexyl-4-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-sulfonamid

*N*-Cyclopropyl-4-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-sulfonamide

4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-(3-hydroxy-propyl)-sulfonamide

4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-isobutyl-sulfonamide

*N,N*-Dibutyl-4-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-sulfonamide

4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-octyl-sulfonamide

*trans*-4-[9-Ethyl-6-[4-(morpholine-4-sulfonyl)-phenyl-amino]-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino]-cyclohexanol

*trans*-4-[9-Ethyl-6-[4-(4-methyl-piperazine-1-sulfonyl)-phenyl-amino]-9*H*-purin-2-yl-amino]-cyclohexanol

*N*-Butyl-4-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-sulfonamide

4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-isopropyl-sulfonamide

*N*-Benzyl-4-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-sulfonamide

4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N*-methyl-sulfonamide

4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl-*N,N*-dimethyl-sulfonamide

*N*-Benzyl-3-[9-ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-benzamide

3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-*N*-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-benzamide

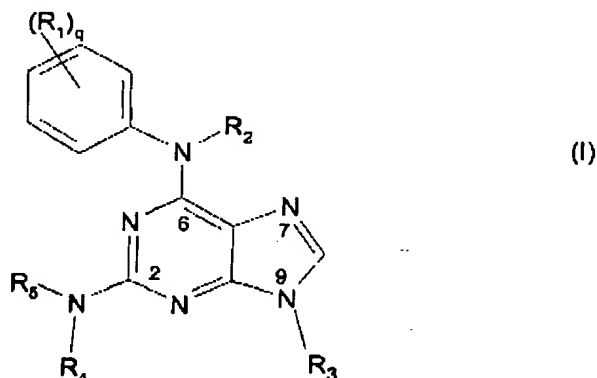
3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-*N*-(4-methyl-benzyl)-benzamide  
3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-*N*-(4-methoxy-benzyl)-benzamide  
3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-*N*-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-benzamide  
*N*-(4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl)-methanesulfonamide  
*N*-(4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide  
*N*-(4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl)-4-methoxybenzenesulfonamide  
*N*-(3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl)-methanesulfonamide  
*N*-(3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide  
*N*-(3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl)-4-methoxybenzenesulfonamide  
(4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl)-carbamic acid methyl ester  
(4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl)-carbamic acid isobutyl ester  
(4-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl)-carbamic acid phenyl ester  
(3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl)-carbamic acid methyl ester  
(3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl)-carbamic acid isobutyl ester  
(3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl)-carbamic acid phenyl ester  
*N*-(3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl)-3-trimethylsilylpropargylic acid amide  
*N*-(3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl)-3-phenylpropargylic acid amide  
*N*-(3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl)-4,4-dimethyl-2-pentynylic acid amide

N-{3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclo-hexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl}-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-propargylic acid amide  
N-{3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclo-hexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl}-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-propargylic acid amide  
N-{3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclo-hexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl}-3-*p*-tolylpropargylic acid amide  
N-{3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclo-hexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl}-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-propargylic acid amide  
3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-propynoic acid-N-{3-[2-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9-isopropyl-9*H*-purin-6-ylamino]-phenyl}-amide  
3-*p*-Tolyl-propynoic acid-N-{3-[2-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9-isopropyl-9*H*-purin-6-ylamino]-phenyl}-amide  
3-(4-Methoxy-phenyl)-propynoic acid-N-{3-[2-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9-isopropyl-9*H*-purin-6-ylamino]-phenyl}-amide  
3-(4-Fluoro-phenyl)-propynoic acid-N-{3-[2-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9-isopropyl-9*H*-purin-6-ylamino]-phenyl}-amide  
3-(Phenyl)-propynoic acid-N-{3-[2-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9-isopropyl-9*H*-purin-6-ylamino]-phenyl}-amide  
Biphenyl-4-carboxylic acid-N-{3-[2-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9-isopropyl-9*H*-purin-6-ylamino]-phenyl}-amide  
3-*m*-Tolyl-propynoic acid-N-{3-[9-ethyl-2-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-ylamino]-phenyl}-amide  
3-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propynoic acid-N-{3-[9-ethyl-2-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-ylamino]-phenyl}-amide  
4,4-Dimethyl-pent-2-ynoic acid-N-{3-[9-ethyl-2-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-ylamino]-phenyl}-amide  
3-(6-Methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-propynoic acid-N-{3-[9-ethyl-2-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-ylamino]-phenyl}-amide  
3-(4-Methyl-pyrimidin-2-yl)-propynoic acid-N-{3-[9-ethyl-2-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-ylamino]-phenyl}-amide  
N-{3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclo-hexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl}-3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-propargylic acid amide  
N-{3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclo-hexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl}-3-(2-thiophenyl)-propargylic acid amide  
N-{3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclo-hexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl}-3-(2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-propargylic acid amide

N-{3-[9-Ethyl-2-(*trans*-4-hydroxy-cyclo-hexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-yl-amino]-phenyl}-3-(3,4-dimethyl-phenyl)-propargylic acid amide  
 4-Piperidin-1-yl-but-2-ynoic acid-N-{3-[9-ethyl-2-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl-amino)-9*H*-purin-6-ylamino]-phenyl}-amide  
 4-(4-Methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-but-2-ynoic acid-N-{3-[9-ethyl-2-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexylamino)-9*H*-purin-6-ylamino]-phenyl}-amide  
 and the pharmaceutical acceptable salts thereof.

35. (new) A method of treating osteoporosis in warm-blooded animals, including humans, in which a dose which is effective against osteoporosis of a compound of claim 25 of formula I or of a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of such a compound is administered to such a warm-blooded animal suffering from osteoporosis.

36. (new) A process for the preparation of a compound of the formula I



in which q is 1-5,

R<sub>1</sub> is

α) -S(=O)<sub>k</sub>-NR<sub>6</sub>R<sub>7</sub>, in which

k is 1 or 2,

wherein under the proviso that R<sub>6</sub> and R<sub>7</sub> cannot be simultaneously hydrogen

α1) R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> can be identical or different from one another and represent an aliphatic, carbocyclic, heterocyclic, carbocyclic-aliphatic or heterocyclic-aliphatic radical; hydrogen or lower aliphatic acyl; or

α2) R<sub>6</sub> and R<sub>7</sub> together are an alkylene or alkenylene radical having from 3 up to and including 9 C atoms, in which 1-3 C atoms can be replaced by oxygen, sulfur or

nitrogen, wherein said alkylene or alkenylene radical can be unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl or a radical  $-(CH_2)_y-R_{10}$ , in which y is 0 to 3, preferably 0 to 2, and  $R_{10}$  is hydrogen or phenyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, halogen lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, carboxyl, methylenedioxy or cyano, or

β) N-(aryl lower alkyl)carbamoyl, or

γ) a radical of the formula  $-NH-S(=O)_l-R_8$ , in which

l is 1 or 2,

$R_8$  is an aliphatic, carbocyclic or heterocyclic radical; or

δ) a radical of the formula  $-NH-C(=O)-R_9$ , in which

$R_9$  is alkoxy, aryloxy, alkenyl, alkynyl, heterocyclyl alkynyl, aryl alkynyl, heteroaryl alkynyl, alkynyloxy or aryl alkynyloxy, which in each case is unsubstituted or substituted, the substituents being selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, phenyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, carboxyl, methylenedioxy, tri-lower alkyl silyl, cyano or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen, wherein such an unsubstituted or substituted  $R_9$  radical has not more than 20 C atoms;

where, if more than one radical  $R_i$  is present in the molecule, these can be identical or different from one another,

$R_2$  is hydrogen, carbamoyl or N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl,

$R_3$  is lower alkyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino or N,N-di-lower alkylamino and

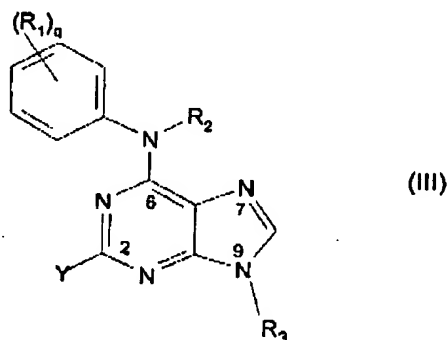
a)  $R_4$  is hydrogen, amino, phenylamino, lower alkylamino, hydroxyl, phenoxy, lower alkoxy, acyl having 1-30 C atoms, a carbocyclic or carbocyclic-aliphatic radical having not more than 29 C atoms, a heterocyclic or heterocyclic-aliphatic radical having not more than 20 C atoms and not more than 9 heteroatoms, or a substituted hydrocarbon radical having not more than 29 C atoms wherein the substituents are selected from halogen, amino, lower alkylamino, ω-amino-lower alkylamino, lower alkanoylamino, benzoylamino, hydroxylamino, hydroxylimino, lower alkoxy-amino, phenyloxyamino, amino-cyclohexyl-amino-, amino-phenyl-amino-, carbamoyl-amino, (N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-[ω-amino-lower alkyl]-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-phenyl-carbamoyl)-amino, lower alkylthio, thiocarbamoyl, thioureido, N-lower alkyl-thioureido, N-phenyl-thioureido, guanidino, N-lower alkyl-guanidino, carboxyl, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, phenyloxy-carbonyl, benzyloxy-carbonyl, hydroxylaminocarbonyl, carbamoyl, amidino, cyano, hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, phenyloxy, aminocarbonyl-oxy, oxo, aminosulfonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl-amino,

- glycylamino, alanylamino, phenylalanylamino, prolylamino, valylamino, leucylamino, isoleucylamino, serylamino, threonylamino, cysteinylamino, methionylamino, tyrosylamino, tryptophanylamino, arginylamino, histidylamino, lysylamino, glutamylamino, glutaminylamino, asparagylamino, asparaginylamino and phenylglycylamino; and  $R_5$ , independently of  $R_4$ , is as defined above for  $R_4$ , with the exception of hydrogen, or
- b)  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  together are 1,2-ethylene, propane-1,3-diyl, butane-1,4-diyl, pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-(3-amino-propionyl)-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl, 2-amino-butane-1,4-diyl, 1-aminomethyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 1-hydroxymethyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 3-hydroxy-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-hydroxy-hexane-1,5-diyl, 3-(2-amino-ethyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl ( $-\text{CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-NH-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-}$ ), 3-aza-2,4-dimethyl-pentane-1,5-diyl ( $-\text{CH}_2\text{-CH}[\text{CH}_3]\text{-NH-CH}[\text{CH}_3]\text{-CH}_2\text{-}$ ), 3-amino-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl ( $-\text{CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-N}[\text{NH}_2]\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-}$ ), 1-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aza-1-toluyaminocarbonyl-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aza-1-(methylamino-thiocarbonyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aza-1-(tert-butylamino-carbonyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aza-1-(cyclohexylamino-carbonyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-aza-1-hydroxy-heptane-3,7-diyl, 3-aza-1-cyano-heptane-3,7-diyl, 1-amino-3-aza-heptane-3,7-diyl, 3-(2-amino-ethyl)-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl ( $-\text{CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-N}[\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-NH}_2]\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-}$ ), 1-carbamoyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 2-formylamino-pentane-1,4-diyl, 2-aza-butadiene-1,4-diyl ( $-\text{CH}=\text{CH-N}=\text{CH-}$ ), 2-aza-3-hydroxymethyl-butadiene-1,4-diyl ( $-\text{CH}=\text{C}[\text{CH}_2\text{OH}]\text{-N}=\text{CH-}$ ), 2-Aza-1-hydroxy-1-(4-methoxy-phenyl-amino)-heptane-2,7-diyl ( $-(\text{CH}_2)_4\text{-N}[\text{-CH}(\text{OH})\text{-NH-C}_6\text{H}_4\text{-OCH}_3]\text{-}$ ) or a radical of the formula

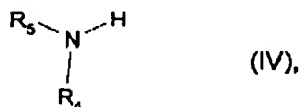


in which the two terminal bonds of the alkylene chain are free valencies, or a salt thereof, with the exception of 6-(4-benzoyloxycarbonylamino-phenyl-amino)-9-ethyl-2-(2-hydroxy-ethyl-amino)-9H-purine or a salt thereof, which comprises

- a) for the manufacture of a compound of formula I, wherein  $R_1$  is  $-\text{SO}_x\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$ , reacting a compound of the formula III

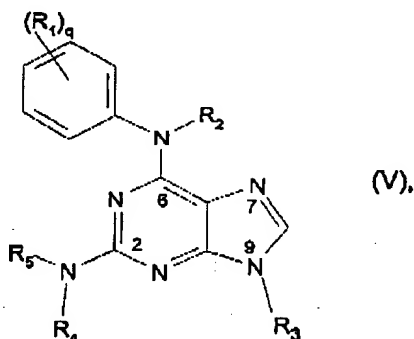


In which Y is a suitable leaving group,  $R_1$  is  $-\text{SO}_2\text{NR}_6\text{R}_7$  and the other substituents and symbols are as defined above for compounds of the formula I, free functional groups present in this compound, if necessary, being protected by easily detachable protective groups, with an amine of the formula IV



in which the substituents are as defined above for compounds of the formula I, free functional groups present in this compound, if necessary, being protected by easily detachable protective groups, and detaching the protective groups present and, if necessary, converting functional groups into the final form according to formula I, or

b) for the manufacture of a compound of formula I, wherein  $R_1$  is N-(aryl lower alkyl) carbamoyl, reacting a compound of the formula V



in which  $R_1$  is  $-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$  and the other substituents and symbols are as defined above for compounds of the formula I, free functional groups present in this compound, if necessary, being protected by easily detachable protective groups, with an aryl lower alkyl amine, free functional groups present in the aryl moiety, if necessary, being protected by easily detachable protective groups, and detaching the protective groups present, or

c) for the manufacture of a compound of formula I, wherein  $R_1$  is a radical of the formula  $-\text{NH}-\text{S}(=\text{O})_r\text{R}_8$  or of the formula  $-\text{NH}-\text{C}(=\text{O})-\text{R}_9$ , reacting a compound of the formula V in which  $R_1$  is  $-\text{NH}_2$  and the other substituents and symbols are as defined above for compounds of the formula I, free functional groups present in this compound, if necessary, being protected by easily detachable protective groups, with a compound of the formula VI or VII,

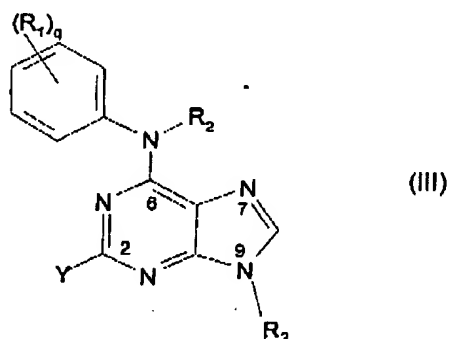


in which Y is a suitable leaving group and  
 $R_8$  and  $R_9$  are as defined above for compounds of the formula I, free functional groups present in  $R_8$  or  $R_9$ , if necessary, being protected by easily detachable protective groups, and detaching the protective groups present, and, after carrying out process a), b) or c), if necessary for the preparation of a salt, converting a resulting free compound of the formula I into a salt or, if necessary for preparation of a free compound, converting a resulting salt of a compound of the formula I into the free compound; wherein in the above definitions

an aliphatic radical is an unsubstituted or substituted alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl radical having not more than 20 C atoms which alkenyl or alkynyl radicals are mono- or polyunsaturated and a substituted aliphatic radical carries one or more identical or different radicals selected from halogen, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino,  $\omega$ -amino-lower alkylamino, lower alkanoylamino, aroylamino, hydroxylamino, hydroxylimino, lower alkoxy-amino, aryloxyamino, amino-cyclohexyl-amino-, amino-phenyl-amino-, carbamoyl-amino, (N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-( $\omega$ -amino-lower alkyl)-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-phenyl-carbamoyl)-amino, thio, lower alkylthio, thiocarbamoyl, thioureido, N-lower alkyl-thioureido, N-phenyl-thioureido, guanidino, N-lower alkyl-guanidino, carboxyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, hydroxylaminocarbonyl, aminoacyl-amino, carbamoyl, amidino, cyano, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, aminocarbonyl-oxy, oxo, aminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfonyl-amino.

wherein hydrocarbon is either: 1) an acyclic, carbocyclic, or carbocyclic-acyclic radical having no more than 29 carbon atoms, or 2) an acyclic, carbocyclic, or carbocyclic-acyclic radical interrupted by one or more identical or different heteroatoms selected from oxygen, sulfur, and nitrogen having a total of no more than 29 C, O, S, and N atoms.

37. (new) A compound of the formula III





in which

q is 1-5

Y is a suitable leaving group,

R<sub>1</sub> is -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sub>6</sub>R<sub>7</sub>

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, carbamoyl or N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl,

R<sub>3</sub> is lower alkyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino or N,N-di-lower alkylamino;

R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> can be identical or different from one another and represent an aliphatic, carbocyclic, heterocyclic, carbocyclic-aliphatic or heterocyclic-aliphatic radical; hydrogen or lower aliphatic acyl; or

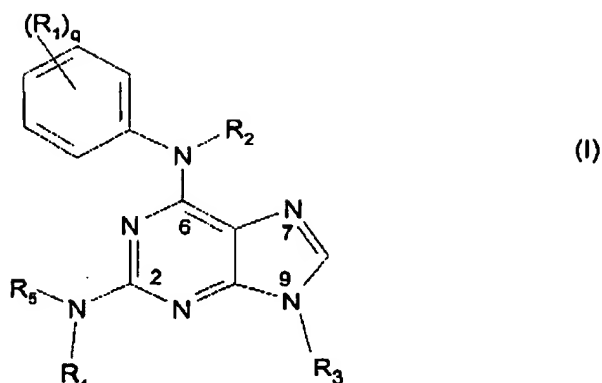
R<sub>6</sub> and R<sub>7</sub> together are an alkylene or alkenylene radical having from 3 up to and including 9 C atoms, in which 1-3 C atoms can be replaced by oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen, wherein said alkylene or alkenylene radical can be unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl or a radical -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-R<sub>10</sub>, in which y is 0 to 3, preferably 0 to 2, and R<sub>10</sub> is hydrogen or phenyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, halogen lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, carboxyl, methylenedioxy or cyano,

it being possible for free functional groups present therein to be protected by easily detachable protective groups, or a salt thereof;

wherein in the above definitions

an aliphatic radical is an unsubstituted or substituted alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl radical having not more than 20 C atoms which alkenyl or alkynyl radicals are mono- or polyunsaturated and a substituted aliphatic radical carries one or more identical or different radicals selected from halogen, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, ω-amino-lower alkylamino, lower alkanoylamino, aroylamino, hydroxylamino, hydroxylimino, lower alkoxy-amino, aryloxyamino, amino-cyclohexyl-amino-, amino-phenyl-amino-, carbamoyl-amino, (N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-[ω-amino-lower alkyl]-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-phenyl-carbamoyl)-amino, thio, lower alkylthio, thiocarbamoyl, thioureido, N-lower alkyl-thioureido, N-phenyl-thioureido, guanidino, N-lower alkyl-guanidino, carboxyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxy carbonyl, benzyloxy carbonyl, hydroxylaminocarbonyl, aminoacyl-amino, carbamoyl, amidino, cyano, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, aminocarbonyl-oxy, oxo, aminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfonyl-amino.

38. (new) A compound of the formula I



wherein

q is 1-5,

R<sub>1</sub> is

α) -S(=O)<sub>k</sub>-NR<sub>6</sub>R<sub>7</sub>, in which

k is 1 or 2,

wherein under the proviso that R<sub>6</sub> and R<sub>7</sub> cannot be simultaneously hydrogen

α1) R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> can be identical or different from one another and represent an aliphatic, carbocyclic, heterocyclic, carbocyclic-aliphatic or heterocyclic-aliphatic radical; hydrogen or lower aliphatic acyl; or

α2) R<sub>6</sub> and R<sub>7</sub> together are an alkylene or alkenylene radical having from 3 up to and including 9 C atoms, in which 1-3 C atoms can be replaced by oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen, wherein said alkylene or alkenylene radical can be unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl or a radical -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>γ</sub>-R<sub>10</sub>, in which γ is 0 to 3, preferably 0 to 2, and R<sub>10</sub> is hydrogen or phenyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, halogen lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, carboxyl, methylenedioxy or cyano, or

β) N-(aryl lower alkyl)carbamoyl, or

γ) a radical of the formula -NH-S(=O)<sub>l</sub>-R<sub>8</sub>, in which

l is 1 or 2,

R<sub>8</sub> is an aliphatic, carbocyclic or heterocyclic radical; or

δ) a radical of the formula -NH-C(=O)-R<sub>9</sub>, in which

R<sub>9</sub> is alkoxy, aryloxy, alkenyl, alkynyl, heterocyclalkynyl, aryl alkynyl, heteroaryl alkynyl, alkynyloxy or aryl alkynyloxy, which in each case is unsubstituted or substituted, the substituents being selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, carboxyl, methylenedioxy, tri-lower alkyl silyl, cyano

or lower alkyl which is substituted by halogen, wherein such an unsubstituted or substituted  $R_9$  radical has not more than 20 C atoms;

where, if more than one radical  $R_1$  is present in the molecule, these can be identical or different from one another,

$R_2$  is hydrogen, carbamoyl or N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl,

$R_3$  is lower alkyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino or N,N-di-lower alkylamino and

a)  $R_4$  is hydrogen, amino, phenylamino, lower alkylamino, hydroxyl, phenoxy, lower alkoxy, acyl having 1-30 C atoms, a carbocyclic or carbocyclic-aliphatic radical having not more than 29 C atoms, a heterocyclic or heterocyclic-aliphatic radical having not more than 20 C atoms and not more than 9 heteroatoms, or a substituted hydrocarbon radical having not more than 29 C atoms wherein the substituents are selected from halogen, amino, lower alkylamino,  $\omega$ -amino-lower alkylamino, lower alkanoylamino, benzoylamino, hydroxylamino, hydroxylimino, lower alkoxy-amino, phenyloxyamino, amino-cyclohexyl-amino-, amino-phenyl-amino-, carbamoyl-amino, (N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-[ $\omega$ -amino-lower alkyl]-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-phenyl-carbamoyl)-amino, lower alkylthio, thiocarbamoyl, thioureido, N-lower alkyl-thioureido, N-phenyl-thioureido, guanidino, N-lower alkyl-guanidino, carboxyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, phenyloxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, hydroxylaminocarbonyl, carbamoyl, amidino, cyano, hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, phenyloxy, aminocarbonyl-oxy, oxo, aminosulfonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl-amino, glycylamino, alanyl-amino, phenylalanyl-amino, prolyl-amino, valyl-amino, leucyl-amino, isoleucyl-amino, seryl-amino, threonyl-amino, cysteinyl-amino, methionyl-amino, tyrosyl-amino, tryptophanyl-amino, arginyl-amino, histidyl-amino, lysyl-amino, glutamyl-amino, glutaminyl-amino, asparagyl-amino, asparaginyl-amino and phenylglycyl-amino; and

$R_5$ , independently of  $R_4$ , is as defined above for  $R_4$ , with the exception of hydrogen, or

b)  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  together are 1,2-ethylene, propane-1,3-diyl, butane-1,4-diyl, pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-(3-amino-propionyl)-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl, 2-amino-butane-1,4-diyl, 1-aminomethyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 1-hydroxymethyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 3-hydroxy-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-hydroxy-hexane-1,5-diyl, 3-(2-amino-ethyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl ( $-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-$ ), 3-aza-2,4-dimethyl-pentane-1,5-diyl ( $-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}[\text{CH}_3]-\text{NH}-\text{CH}[\text{CH}_3]-\text{CH}_2-$ ), 3-amino-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl ( $-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{N}[\text{NH}_2]-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-$ ), 1-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aza-1-toluyaminocarbonyl-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aza-1-(methylamino-thiocarbonyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aza-1-(tert-butylamino-carbonyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 1-aza-1-(cyclohexylamino-carbonyl)-pentane-1,5-diyl, 3-aza-1-hydroxy-heptane-3,7-diyl, 3-aza-1-cyano-heptane-3,7-diyl, 1-amino-3-aza-heptane-3,7-diyl, 3-(2-amino-ethyl)-3-aza-pentane-1,5-diyl ( $-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{N}[-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}_2]-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-$ ), 1-carbamoyl-butane-1,4-diyl, 2-formylamino-pentane-1,4-

diyl, 2-aza-butadiene-1,4-diyl (-CH=CH-N=CH-), 2-aza-3-hydroxymethyl-butadiene-1,4-diyl (-CH=C[CH<sub>2</sub>OH]-N=CH-) or a radical of the formula



in which the two terminal bonds of the alkylene chain are free valencies, or a salt thereof;

wherein in the above definitions

an aliphatic radical is an unsubstituted or substituted alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl radical having not more than 20 C atoms which alkenyl or alkynyl radicals are mono- or polyunsaturated and a substituted aliphatic radical carries one or more identical or different radicals selected from halogen, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, ω-amino-lower alkylamino, lower alkanoylamino, aroylamino, hydroxylamino, hydroxylimino, lower alkoxy-amino, aryloxyamino, amino-cyclohexyl-amino-, amino-phenyl-amino-, carbamoyl-amino, (N-lower alkyl-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-[ω-amino-lower alkyl]-carbamoyl)-amino, (N-phenyl-carbamoyl)-amino, thio, lower alkylthio, thiocarbamoyl, thioureido, N-lower alkyl-thioureido, N-phenyl-thioureido, guanidino, N-lower alkyl-guanidino, carboxyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, hydroxylaminocarbonyl, aminoacyl-amino, carbamoyl, amidino, cyano, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, aminocarbonyl-oxy, oxo, aminosulfonyl and lower alkylsulfonyl-amino

wherein hydrocarbon is either: 1) an acyclic, carbocyclic, or carbocyclic-acyclic radical having no more than 29 carbon atoms, or 2) an acyclic, carbocyclic, or carbocyclic-acyclic radical interrupted by one or more identical or different heteroatoms selected from oxygen, sulfur, and nitrogen having a total of no more than 29 C, O, S, and N atoms.

39. (new) A pharmaceutical composition for treatment of tumors in a human which comprises an antitumorally effective amount of a compound of claim 38, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.